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=> s stearoyl-coa desaturase

1936 STEAROYL

36924 COA

811 COAS

37074 COA

(COA OR COAS)

2952 DESATURASE

2426 DESATURASES

4066 DESATURASE

(DESATURASE OR DESATURASES)

L1 697 STEAROYL-COA DESATURASE

(STEAROYL (W) COA (W) DESATURASE)

=> s l1 and review

519577 REVIEW

64962 REVIEWS

569052 REVIEW

(REVIEW OR REVIEWS)

L2 21 L1 AND REVIEW

=> s 12 and 2003/py

573565 2003/PY

(20030000-20039999/PY)

L3 2 L2 AND 2003/PY

=> d 1-2 ibib abs

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003311563 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12840656

TITLE: Recent insights into stearoyl-CoA

desaturase-1.

AUTHOR: Ntambi James M; Miyazaki Makoto

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Biochemistry and Nutritional Sciences,

University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706, USA..

ntambi@biochem.wisc.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: R0162388

SOURCE: Current opinion in lipidology, (2003 Jun) Vol.

14, No. 3, pp. 255-61. Ref: 81

Journal code: 9010000. ISSN: 0957-9672.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) (RESEARCH SUPPORT, NON-U.S. GOV'T)

(RESEARCH SUPPORT, U.S. GOV'T, NON-P.H.S.) (RESEARCH SUPPORT, U.S. GOV'T, P.H.S.)

General Review; (REVIEW)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200402

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 4 Jul 2003

Last Updated on STN: 6 Feb 2004 Entered Medline: 5 Feb 2004

AB PURPOSE OF REVIEW: Stearoyl-Coenzyme A (CoA) desaturase is a central lipogenic enzyme catalyzing the synthesis of monounsaturated fatty

acids - mainly oleate (C(18:1)). Oleate is the most abundant monounsaturated fatty acid in dietary fat and is therefore readily

available. Why, then, is stearoyl-CoA

desaturase a highly regulated enzyme? This review

summarizes the recent and timely advances concerning the important role of

stearoyl-CoA desaturase in metabolism. RECENT

FINDINGS: Recent findings using mice that have a naturally occurring mutation in the SCD1 gene isoform as well as a mouse model with a targeted disruption of the stearoyl-CoA desaturase

gene-1 (SCD1-/-) have revealed the role of de-novo synthesized oleate and thus the physiological importance of SCD1 expression. In the highlighted references, it is shown that the SCD1-/- mice have reduced body adiposity, increased insulin sensitivity, and are resistant to diet-induced obesity. The expression of several genes of lipid oxidation is upregulated, whereas lipid synthesis genes are downregulated. SCD1 was also found to be a component of the novel metabolic response to the hormone leptin. SUMMARY: SCD1, therefore, appears to be an important metabolic control point, and inhibition of its expression could be of benefit for the treatment of obesity, diabetes and other metabolic diseases.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003031722 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12538075

TITLE: Role of stearoyl-coenzyme A desaturase in lipid metabolism.

AUTHOR: Miyazaki Makoto; Ntambi James M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry, University of

Wisconsin-Madison, 433 Babcock Drive, WI 53706, USA. Prostaglandins, leukotrienes, and essential fatty acids,

(2003 Feb) Vol. 68, No. 2, pp. 113-21. Ref: 122

Journal code: 8802730. ISSN: 0952-3278.

PUB. COUNTRY: Scotland: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

LANGUAGE: English

SOURCE:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200309

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 23 Jan 2003

Last Updated on STN: 28 Sep 2003 Entered Medline: 26 Sep 2003

AB Stearoyl-CoA desaturase (SCD) (EC 1.14.99.5)

is an endoplasmic reticulum-bound enzyme that catalyzes the delta9-cis desaturation of saturated fatty acyl-CoAs, the preferred substrates being palmitoyl- and stearoyl-CoA, which are converted to palmitoleoyl- and oleoyl-CoA, respectively. These monounsaturated fatty acids are used as substrates for the synthesis of triglycerides, wax esters, cholesteryl

esters and membrane phospholipids. The saturated to monounsaturated fatty acid ratio affects membrane phospholipid composition and alteration in this ratio has been implicated in a variety of disease states including cardiovascular disease, obesity, diabetes, neurological disease, skin disorders and cancer. Thus, the expression of SCD is of physiological importance in normal and disease states. Several mammalian SCD genes have been cloned. A single human, three mouse and two rat are the best characterized SCD genes. The physiological role of each SCD isoform and the reason for having three or more SCD gene isoforms in the rodent genome are currently unknown. A clue as to the physiological role of the SCD, at least SCD1 gene and its endogenous products came from recent studies of asebia mouse strains that have a natural mutation in the SCD1 gene and a mouse model with a targeted disruption of the SCD1 gene. In this review we discuss our current understanding of the physiological role of SCD in lipid synthesis and metabolism.

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